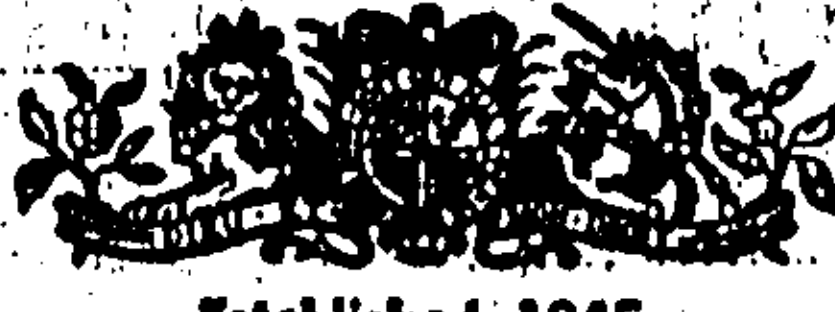


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## COMMENT OF THE DAY

### Government Reshuffle

USUALLY any substantial reshuffling of ministerial offices is dictated by circumstances betokening the public's dissatisfaction with the government in power, but the changes which Sir Winston Churchill is now in the process of making are a sign of confidence. There has been no popular demand for a Cabinet shake-up, and not even the Socialists can claim that the Premier's decision to abolish the so-called "overlord" system is the result of their protests. The ministerial changes which are announced today represent a streamlining process. The abolition of certain offices merely shifts responsibility to departmental chiefs without in any way weakening the Government's position. In the other direction the Cabinet is strengthened by elevation to that top council of the Ministers of Agriculture and Fisheries, Education and Food. The overall effect of the first phase of the Government reshuffle therefore is to leave the Premier with a more representative Cabinet and to remove redundant ministries. The creation of a new Minister of State to the Board of Trade is a well calculated move. It shows that Sir Winston Churchill has his eyes directed towards Britain's future overseas trade which must not, in any shape or form, be neglected if the country is to continue its progress towards economic and financial stability. The reshuffle does not affect the top of the Cabinet, but the changes effected are by no means unimportant.

CHIEF interest, nevertheless, is still centred on whether the Prime Minister intends to make changes among his top-level advisers and colleagues. That Sir Winston is going to remain at the head of the Government there need be no doubts. On the other hand he cannot completely ignore the lessons of his recent breakdown in health. He needs a full-time deputy who can relieve him of many of the irksome responsibilities in the House of Commons and permit him to concentrate on mapping and defining Government policies. And so far as the Conservatives are concerned (or the country for that matter) the only man fully qualified for the job is Mr Anthony Eden. This is all the more so because, apart from his exceptional talents and wide experience, Mr Eden is the natural successor to Sir Winston as leader of the Conservative Party. Moreover his state of health is such that it would be wiser to relieve him of the hurly-burly of foreign affairs to concentrate on leading the Government in the House. That the Prime Minister will, in due course, announce this change can now almost be taken for granted. Much more speculative is the question of Mr Eden's successor. In ordinary circumstances Mr R. A. Butler would probably be chosen, but he is virtually irreplaceable as Chancellor of the Exchequer, for it is his wise guidance which has largely been responsible for Britain's magnificent financial recovery during the past two years. The Prime Minister is confronted with a difficult task in finding a new Foreign Secretary who can adequately carry out the imposing responsibilities of that office. Britain cannot afford to be weakly represented in foreign affairs, especially in, through the initiative of Sir Winston Churchill, she is to take a leading part in trying to compose the present dangerous international situation. The Prime Minister's decision becomes the concern of the entire free world.

# CHURCHILL BEGINS GOVT RESHUFFLE

## New Cabinet Members ABOLITION OF 'OVERLORDS'

London, Sept. 3.

Sir Winston Churchill, the Prime Minister, reshuffled his Government tonight but made few changes in the top positions.

The switch, believed to be the forerunner of other and more important changes soon, left Mr Anthony Eden still Foreign Secretary.

But it abolished the much-criticised system of "Cabinet overlords" introduced by Sir Winston Churchill when he took office two years ago.

Lord Leathers, 70, Minister for the co-ordination of Transport, Fuel and Power, is dropped and his post abolished. He has been anxious for some time to resign from politics.

The Prime Minister also dropped Sir Arthur Salter, 72, Minister of Materials, whose job has ceased to be of top importance since the Government handed the purchasing of many raw materials back from state control to private hands.

### ELEVATED TO CABINET



MISS F. HORSBRUGH



SIR T. DUGDALE

### Violence On German Frontier

Bonn, Sept. 3.

Screaming and cursing Soviet Zone Reds fought pitched battles with West German Police today and frontier defence forces were strengthened to smash an expected new invasion wave of Communists would-be wreckers.

More than 6,000 East Zone thugs already have been arrested in the strange invasion aimed at intimidating West German voters and disrupting polling in the crucial general elections on Sunday.

Thousands more were reported to be massed and waiting their chance to crash the East-West zonal frontier. Reports have reached the Police of arms smuggling from East Germany and the Police throughout Bavaria were searching for a mysterious truck in which the inhabitants of the town Self claimed to have seen a number of World War II German army rifles. They said that the truck bore East German licence plates. The main objects of the East Zone Reds were believed to be to sabotage the elections and to damage the chances of pro-Western Chancellor Dr Konrad Adenauer.—United Press.

The remaining duties of this post are passed to Lord Woolton, 70, who already holds the non-departmental post of Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster.

The overlord system, which put several senior peers in overall charge of groups of departments, has been unpopular not only with the Socialists but with a large section of the Conservative Party. Critics said it tied the hands and initiative of the departmental ministers charged with the day to day running of their Ministries.

The Prime Minister increased the size of his Cabinet—from 17 to 19. While dropping Lord Leathers, he gave three seats in this innermost council of the Government to three departmental chiefs—Sir Thomas Dugdale, 56, Minister of Agriculture and Fisheries, Florence Horsbrugh, Minister of Education and Major Gwilym Lloyd George, 58, Minister of Food. Elderly Miss Horsbrugh, who keeps her age out of reference books, is the first woman in the Cabinet for six years. The last was Miss Ellen Wilkinson, Socialist Minister of Education.

NEW APPOINTMENT To help Britain's export drive the Prime Minister made a new appointment giving the Board of Trade a Minister of State—Mr Derrick Heathcoat—Amory, formerly Minister of Pensions and that post was merged with National Insurance.

His main job now will be to promote Britain's all important Overseas Trade. The Junior Ministerial Post of Overseas Trade Secretary held by Brigadier H. R. Mackeson, is abolished.

The changes are aimed at streamlining the Government. They will save £9,500 a year in the salaries of Lord Leathers (£4,000), Sir Arthur Salter (£4,000) and Brigadier Mackeson (£1,500). The Ministers promoted to Cabinet places already have £4,000 salaries and will get no increase.

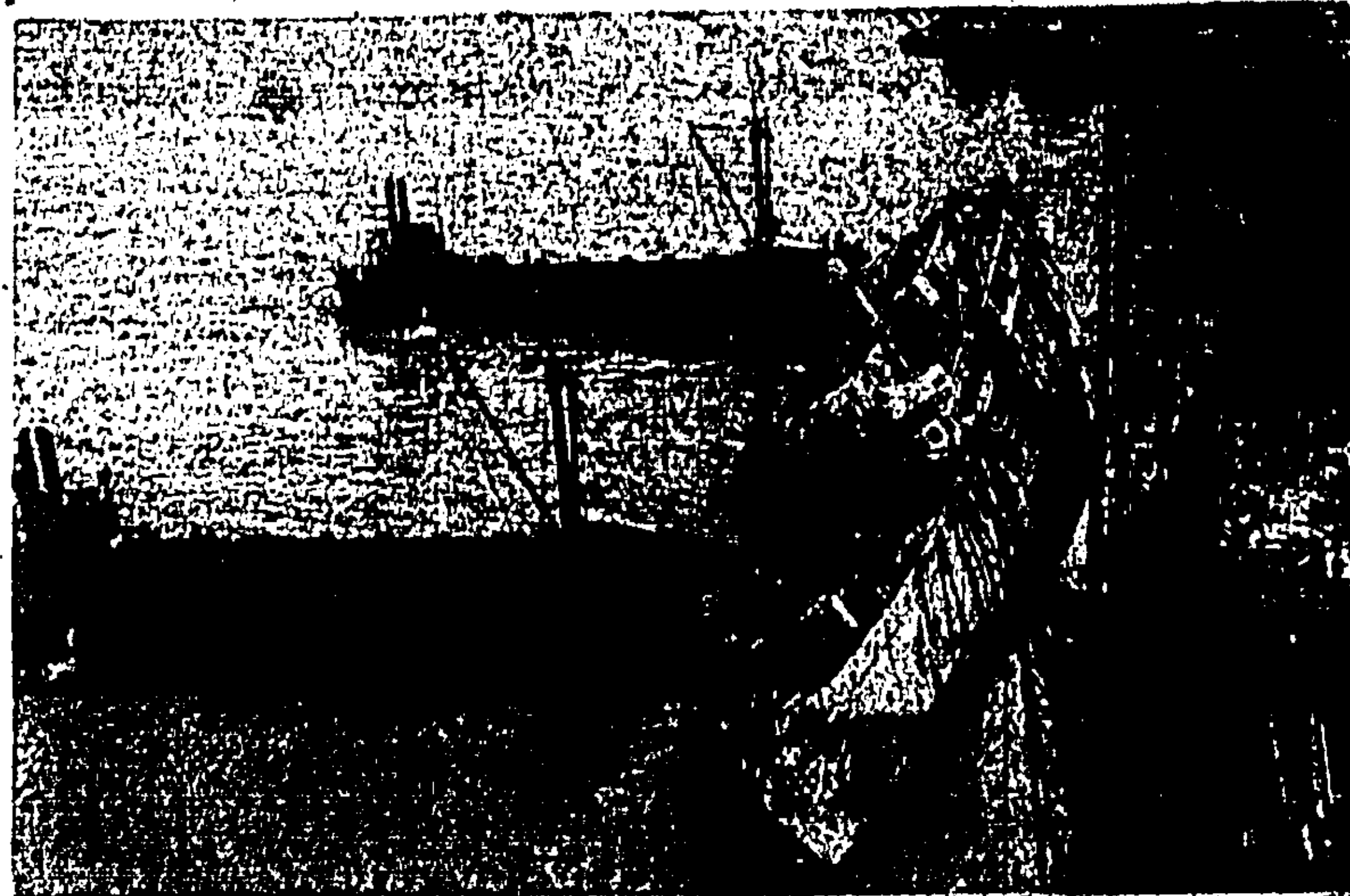
Today's announcement which was approved by Queen Elizabeth also recorded formally several other Government changes which have already been known.

These are as follows: Mr Osbert Peake, 55, formerly Minister of National Insurance, becomes Minister of the new combined Pensions and National Insurance Department.

Major Robert Turton and Brigadier John George Smyth become joint parliamentary secretaries to the new combined Ministry. Mr Turton occupied the Parliamentary Secretaryship in the old National Insurance Ministry and Brigadier Smyth a similar post in the Pensions Department.

The announcement also stated that the Queen had made Mr Heathcoat-Amory a member of her Privy Council—a body which advises her on high Constitutional issues. The Prime Minister published correspondence between himself and Lord Leathers and Sir Arthur Salter which makes it clear that both had recently continued in office, only at Sir Winston Churchill's desire and were now dropped from the Government at their own request.—China Mail Special.

### Fire-Scarred Ship Refloated



Aerial picture of the 3,885-ton Danish passenger ship Kronprins Frederik being refloated in Parkerton Quay, Harwich. The ship caught fire and capsized on to her starboard side last April. Preliminary work to raise her began three months ago. Many tons of equipment were removed. After a week of pumping and repairing the flame-damaged hull, two jugs pushed the side rose. Slowly the ship was raised. The Kronprins Frederik, it is hoped, will be towed back to Denmark. Officials think she may be back in service next year.—London Express.

## US Will Buy Japanese Goods For Korean Rehabilitation

Washington, Sept. 3.

The Secretary of State, Mr John Foster Dulles, at his Press conference today made it clear that the United States intended to buy Japanese goods for Korean rehabilitation whether the South Korean Government of Syngman Rhee liked it or not.

Mr Dulles had been asked to comment on an assertion here yesterday by the South Korean Foreign Minister, Yung-Tae-pyng, that his Government should be allowed to veto the expenditure of United States funds in Japan for Korean aid.

Mr Dulles said he believed that some Koreans thought incorrectly that the best interests of Japan and Korea could not be combined. He added that the United States did not accept that view.

A the same time Mr Dulles suggested that the Japanese might increase their trade with Communist China in non-strategic materials in an effort to bolster their economy.

Pointing out that the Japanese have adopted more drastic restrictions on trade in non-strategic materials with Red China than any country except the United States, Mr Dulles said he thought it was quite possible that the Tokyo Government might want to put its business with the Chinese on a more liberal basis such as that carried on by Britain and France. He added that the United States could not object to this so long as the Japanese did not trade in the strategic materials which, under the US Trading with the Enemy Act, would bar them from American aid.

TOO BIG A BURDEN Mr Dulles said that too much of the burden of Japan's internal security was being borne by the United States and that the Japanese with a population of 85,000,000, could make a greater contribution to their own security.

The United States realised that increasing security forces was a difficult and complex problem for the Japanese with strong economic aspects. However, he said, the Japanese had not adopted anything like an austerity programme. He believed that the problem would be worked out eventually because the Japanese would find that they wanted to be responsible for their own security.

Mr Dulles said that there was no desire in the United States for the Japanese to create a great army. They needed just sufficient forces to make sure of their own internal security against internal actions by elements of a subversive character.

EVASION QUESTION Mr Dulles was asked whether the Japanese had requested the United States for permission to widen their trade with Communist China. He said that this was a matter primarily for the Japanese themselves to determine.

Mr Dulles said that once the strategic goods list was observed there was a wide amount of other goods and services which could be dealt in. Actually,

he added, the Japanese voluntarily had adopted more drastic restrictions on trade in these non-strategic goods than any one else, other than the United States.

He noted that other countries such as Britain and France were doing business with the Communist Chinese in certain goods which the Japanese could but were not. He declared it was quite possible that the Japanese might want to enlarge their trade with Communist China in non-strategic materials and that the United States could not object to this because such goods did not come under the "Battle Act" (United States law which bars aid to nations that trade in strategic goods with Iron Curtain nations).—United Press.

### Woman Lawyer As Prosecutor

Githunguri, Kenya Sept. 3. A young British woman barrister came into court here today with a 45 revolver at her hip to prosecute 81 Kikuyus for Mau Mau murder.

She was Miss Katherine Patricia Hurst, 34, who has been practising in Kenya for two years.

The 81 Kikuyus were charged with hacking and battering Chief Luka to death in his compound during the bloody night of the Mau Mau massacre five months ago when at least 74 died.

Six Asian lawyers and two Europeans defended the Africans. Mr Swami Singh was their leader.

The court sits inside a heavily guarded and wired-in compound overlooked by 30-foot high watch-towers manned by African machine-gunners.—Reuter.

SERIOUS FLOOD DAMAGE New Delhi, Sept. 3. The Government told the Parliament today that floods in Bihar State have caused more than \$40,000,000 damage, and continuing heavy rains are certain to boost the figure even higher.

The Parliamentary report said that torrents of water have destroyed crops, thousands of native mud huts and roads. An unknown number of Indians have been left homeless. Herds of livestock were depleted in many areas.—United Press.

## Italy Shocked By Dulles' Trieste Statement

Rome, Sept. 3.

Italian political circles received with shocked surprise the statement made by the US Secretary of State, Mr Foster Dulles, that the Western declaration of 1948 favouring the handing over of the free territory of Trieste to Italy should not necessarily be regarded as being like "the laws of the Medes and Persians" that stand forever.

It was pointed out that for the last five years the tripartite declaration has formed the main bargaining point in Italy's Trieste policy.

One Italian political commentator said: "If the Western allies backpedal on their 1948 declaration, Italy has no hope of saving her countrymen in the Yugoslav occupied zone."

"The Yugoslavs already have a firm grip on the zone and Italy could only regain part of it if she were strongly supported by her Atlantic Pact partners."

"On the other hand Italy is still only admitted on sufferance in the other zone of the Trieste territory, where effective power is exercised by the Americans and British."

Other political commentators said Mr Dulles' statement wiped out at one stroke any credit Premier Giuseppe Pella's new Cabinet might have gained in Italian public opinion by its strong stand on Trieste.

They pointed out that Communist propaganda has predicted for years that the Western allies would retreat from their 1948 declaration.

This has always been one of the main Communist criticisms of the Atlantic Pact. Communist propagandists have claimed that by joining the Atlantic Pact Italy sold out entirely to America and "had no cards left".—Reuter.

### ANOTHER PROTEST

Belgrade, Sept. 3. Yugoslav today lodged her third protest in three days to the Italian Government against troop movements on the Yugoslav frontier, the official Yugoslav agency, Tanjug, announced.

The agency said that "Yugoslav Charge d'Affaires in Rome, Mr Dalibor Soldatic, delivered the Yugoslav note of protest."

The previous Yugoslav notes were sent on Wednesday and Tuesday. Italy's reply to the first is being studied in Belgrade, an official spokesman said here.

The second protest alleged violation of Yugoslav territory to a depth of 55 yards by 23 Italian soldiers on Monday. The first alleged "armed demonstrations" by Italian troops on the frontier in the previous few days.

Tanjug said during yesterday and last night Italian lorries

carried fresh forces to the frontier. It added that intensified patrolling had also been noticed all along the Italian side of the Yugoslav frontier.—Reuter.

## Gen. Dean Freed

Panmunjom, Sept. 4.

Major-Gen. William F. Dean, America's most famous soldier of the Korean war, was freed today after more than three years in North Korean prison camps.

The 55-year-old general, his face coated with dust and wearing the usual blue uniform of the Communist prison camps, was greeted with loud cheers as he stepped from a jeep at the UN reception centre. He looked in good health.

Other prisoners returning to freedom, including 80 Americans, who arrived in trucks joined the cheering for the famed general.

Gen. Dean started to get out of his jeep as soon as it stopped, but a Communist official motioned him back until the formality of checking his name-off the list was completed.

His face, somewhat wrinkled but his eyes shining brightly, Gen. Dean shook hands with the Americans who crowded around his jeep.

One of those near the jeep was Communist correspondent Wilfred Burchett, who had interviewed the general several times during his 37 months of captivity.

When Gen. Dean saw him, he leaned forward and whispered, "I hope I didn't disgrace myself last night."

Burchett said this referred to a farouche party at Kocung at which Gen. Dean "got a little high".—United Press.

## MOROCCAN QUESTION BANNED

### Security Council's Decision

New York, Sept. 3.

The Security Council today rejected a call by the Asian-African group of nations to place the Moroccan question on its agenda.

The group of 16 countries had asked for discussion of the situation in Morocco after the French Government recently deposited and exiled the Sultan. Before voting on this request the Council earlier today rejected a proposal by Lebanon to permit representatives of those Asian-African members of the group who are not on the Council to appear before it to present their views.

The Council rejected the proposal for full discussion of the Moroccan question by a vote of five to five with one abstention. It would have required an affirmative vote of seven of the eleven Council members to admit the item to the Council's agenda. Those voting against the proposal were Britain, the United States, France, Colombia and Denmark. Greece abstained.

### THE VOTING

The voting on the rejected Lebanese proposal was five against, four in favour and two abstentions. Seven affirmative votes would also have been required to approve the proposal and admit it to the Council's agenda.

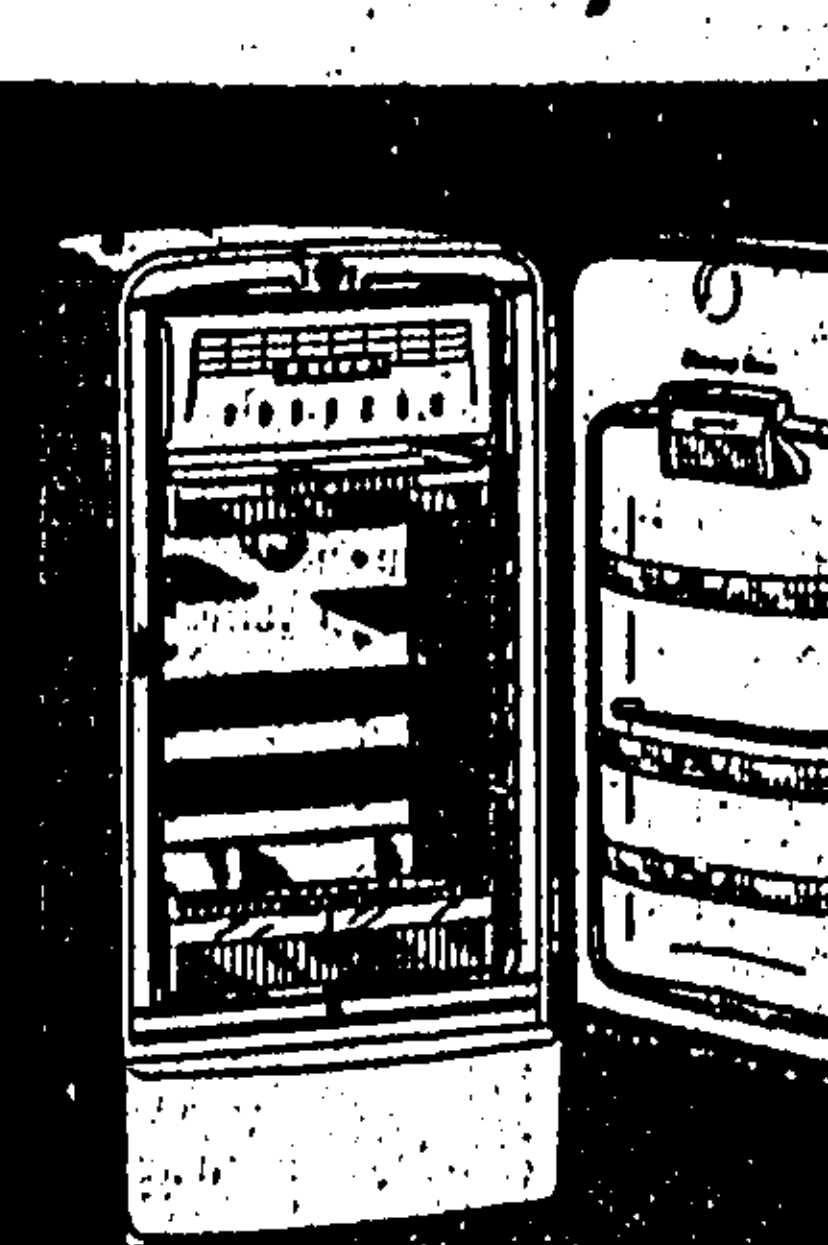
Nevertheless, he appealed to the Council to allow those 13 members of the Asian-African group, who had asked to be heard, to present their views.

In a last-minute procedural move Mr Malik suggested that the resolution should be sponsored in the name of Pakistan.

Mr Malik himself submitted a modified resolution "that the Security Council requests that the 13 delegations choose from among them two representatives who could address the Council" on the Moroccan issue.

Both resolutions were submitted and failed to get the required vote.—Reuter.

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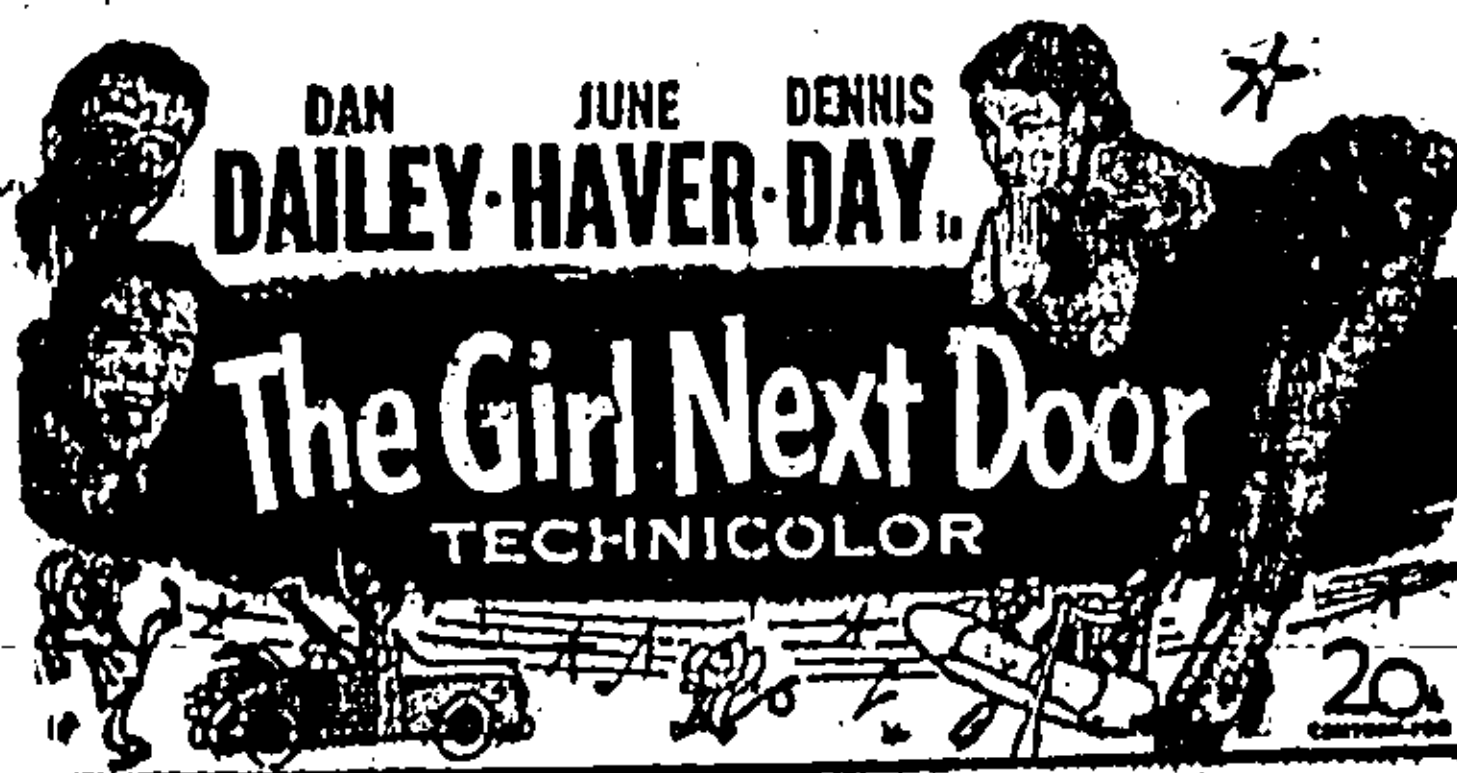
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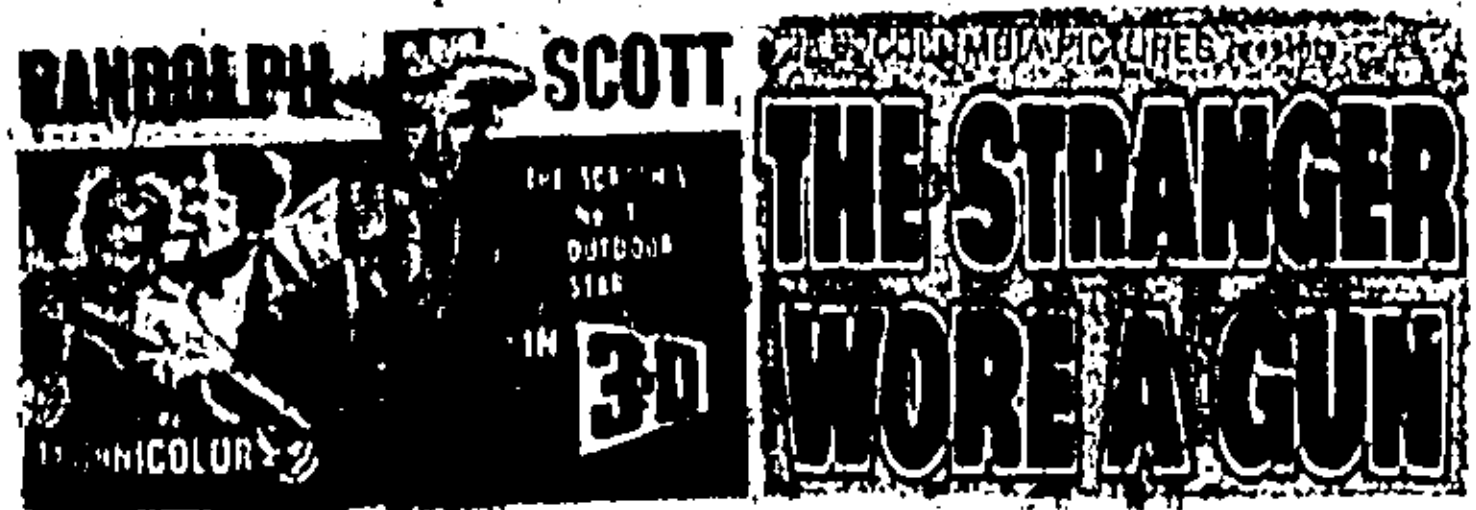
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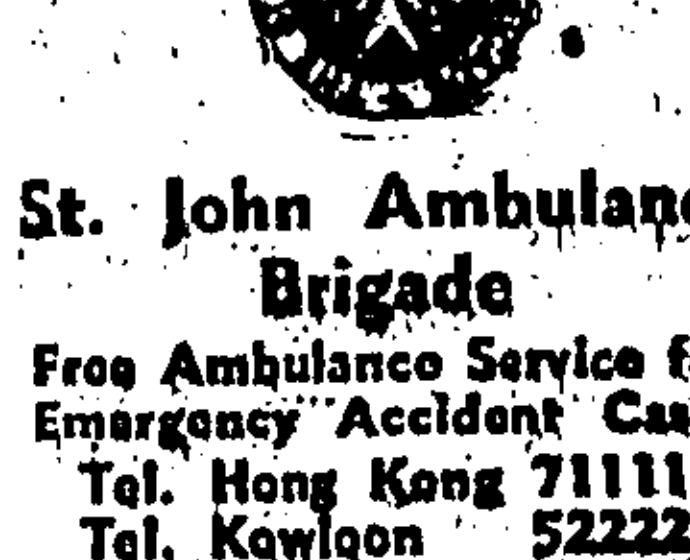


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## RUSSIAN DELEGATE AT LONDON TALKS OBJECTS TO KMT REPRESENTATION

London, Sept. 3.

Russia, supported by other Communist countries, protested at the opening of the International Radio Consultative Committee here today at the presence of Nationalist China and the absence of Communist China and East Germany.

The chief Russian delegate, I. Tsingovatov, sitting firmly in his seat and staring grimly before him, told the 300 delegates from about 50 nations that the situation was "obviously abnormal."

## 86 Per Cent Of Yugoslavs Still Church Members

Belgrade, Sept. 3.

This year's population census shows that Yugoslavs, after eight years of Communist rule, are still God-fearing but, by European standards, poorly educated.

According to preliminary census results, 86.4 per cent of the country's 16,927,275 inhabitants wrote on the census questionnaire that they were members of a religious faith. The three main religions in Yugoslavia are the Serb Orthodox, the Roman Catholic and the Moslem. Statistics released so far have not shown the total membership of each.

The census revealed that one quarter, or 24.9 per cent, of the population is illiterate. Yugoslav commentators say that this figure is surprisingly high, as the percentage in 1948 was 23.4 and since then there has been a big drive against illiteracy.

One Communist newspaper, "Borba," suggested that the 1948 figure was not accurate and that the problem of illiteracy had always been bigger than supposed.

He thought a certain number of people in 1948 declared themselves able to read and write to avoid being sent to compulsory classes which were being held at that time. Today, they no longer have that fear.

The census was taken on March 31. The only results so far published are partial, and preliminary, taken by compiling "sample" results for different areas and different sections of the population.

A census is a big undertaking in a country like Yugoslavia, with poor communications, shortage of highly skilled staff, and its kaleidoscope of different races.

### THE MINORITIES

In addition to the Slav population living in the six component Republics—Serbia, Croatia, Slovenia, Bosnia-Herzegovina, Macedonia and Montenegro—Yugoslavia's population includes minorities of outside races totalling two million.

In 1953, figures for these minorities are still being counted. The last statistics, from the 1948 census, list 750,000 Croats; 490,000 Hungarians; 102,000 Vlachs; 98,000 Turks; 84,000 Slovaks; 84,000 Italians; 73,000 gipsies; 64,000 Rumanians; 61,000 Bulgarians; 55,000 Germans; 37,000 Ukrainians and Ruthenians; 20,000 Russians; 39,000 Czechs; 7,000 Jews and 2,000 Greeks.

Before the war, there were half a million Germans, mostly "Volksdeutsche" whose ancestors were settled in the times of the Austrian Empire. Maria Theresa on her farming land in the Danube plain.

Many Germans collaborated with the Nazis after the war and together with their families left either voluntarily when the German forces withdrew or compulsorily afterwards.

Many of the Albanians and Turks are Moslems, as are many Yugoslavs in Bosnia-Herzegovina. This year's census reveals that areas with a large Moslem population are the most devout. They have the smallest percentage of people, who on the census forms stated that they belonged to "no faith."

**MOST BACKWARD**  
Bosnia-Herzegovina and the Kosovo-Metohija area where the Albanian minority mostly live are among the most backward in the Balkans, Bosnia-Herzegovina,

## Overlooked Criminal Record

Cairo, Sept. 3.

Egypt has a rule that no-one with a criminal record can be employed in Government service.

In a judgment by the State Council, however, an Egyptian was exempted from application of this rule.

He was one of the thousands of Egyptian workers employed by the British military authorities in the Suez Canal Zone. In 1951, after the abrogation of the Anglo-Egyptian Treaty by the Wafed Government, he responded to the appeal to Egyptian workers to "walk out" on their British military employers.

Subsequently he obtained work with the Ministry of Public Works. After a time it was discovered that he had a criminal record. He had been convicted of attempted theft in 1951.

The case was referred to the Council of State, the supreme arbiter of all questions of individual status.

The Council decided that the man's "patriotic spirit" should outweigh his criminal record and that he be allowed to remain in Government service.

Describing Communist China as "one of the greatest countries in the world," he said she was a member of the International Telecommunications Union and has "considerable means of telecommunication."

The position was obviously contrary to the aim of the Union to establish international co-operation.

He also found fault with the German representation.

West Germany could not represent Germany as a whole in the absence of East German representatives, he said.

This also was contrary to the convention and detrimental to international collaboration.

The delegates from Poland, Rumania and the Ukraine supported him.

### TAIPEI REPLY

The Nationalist China delegate, Mr. Hsiao Kuei Tchen, retorted that his government was the legal Government of China.

"It is the only government which emanates from a popular vote and which exists by consent of the entire people," he declared.

The Peking Government was "merely a false government set up with the assistance of a foreign power—Soviet Russia," he added.

It was decided to include the statements by both sides in the official minutes, although the Chairman, Mr. H. Faulkner of Britain, pointed out that the assembly was not competent to discuss the matter.

The present talks are expected to last until October.—Reuter.

## MAN WHO NEVER GOT AN ANSWER

Private Robert Kure, Sept. 3. Robert Kure, a member of the "Glorious Gloucesters" and known to his comrades as "The man who never got an answer."

Robert is going home tomorrow after almost two and half years in Communist prison camp No. 1—he was captured with the Gloucesters in April 1951 and is wondering what is wrong with New Zealand women.

He was back in November 1951, about eight months after he was engaged that Robert became lonely and penned a letter to the Mayor of Wellington, New Zealand, a Mr. McAllister. He said he was lonely and would like to have letters from some girls.

His letter was printed in the local newspaper, the Evening Post, and he received a clipping from Mr. McAllister, showing his letter.

But no girls ever wrote to him. It is going home tomorrow, still known as "The man who never got an answer."—China Mail Special.

## More Pearls From Japan

Tokyo, Sept. 3.

The National Pearl Council reported that this year's production of cultured pearls in Japan is estimated at 2,000,000, 100 yen (about \$2,000,000) in value, a 20 per cent increase over last year.

The Council also said prices this year are expected to be about 10 per cent higher than last because of increasing demand.

The average price per "momme" (0.13 oz) is expected to be 1,000 yen (about \$100).—China Mail Special.

## New Russian Gesture

Vienna, Sept. 3.

All restrictions on sending parcels to Austrian prisoners still held in Soviet Russia have now been withdrawn. It was announced today.

The Soviet authorities intended to "Austrian Ambassador" in Moscow recently of the decision to lift all such restrictions.—Reuter.

## Beggars Have Their Own Queen

Colombo, Sept. 3.

Begging in Ceylon is a profitable profession and a flourishing trade. Beggars colonies function in various parts of the island, and in any given trade there are employers and employees.

A very successful employer in the trade is an elderly woman in a village called Matugama, where she is known as the "Beggars Queen." And this was publicly revealed when she paid a fine of Rs40 imposed on a man called Hamid she had employed to beg.

Hamid was convicted after pleading guilty to a charge of possessing ganja, a prohibited variety of dope. The Magistrate imposed a fine of Rs40.

The prosecuting Police Inspector said that though Hamid was a Muslim he went begging from place to place, being employed by a Beggar Queen who ran a beggar establishment, and to whom all the beggars employed by her handed over their collections at the end of the day.

The Inspector pointed out to the Magistrate the Beggar Queen, who was in the court and, when Hamid pleaded that he could not pay the fine, said that she was rich enough to pay the fine imposed on her employee.

The Magistrate summoned the Beggar Queen before him and she promptly agreed to pay the fine.

Addressing her, the Magistrate said: "You have to be very careful. If you go on like that, employing people to beg, one day or another you will have to go to jail."

After paying the fine, the woman left the Court with Hamid, followed by about a dozen other beggars.—United Press.

## India To Have Own Penicillin Production

New Delhi, Sept. 3.

India's penicillin factory, at Pimpri, in Bombay State, is expected to go into production by April 1954, Mr. K.C. Reddy, Production Minister, told Parliament.

The United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund (UNICEF) had so far ordered equipment worth about \$254,000 against their commitment of \$233,000. Equipment worth about \$170,000 had already been shipped.

Fourteen key technical officers for the factory have been recruited, the Minister added.—China Mail Special.

**Cathay**

COMMENCING TO-MORROW



## Remnant Of Peary's Flag Found By Briton In Far North

Ottawa, Sept. 3.

A Briton who served in the war as a Royal Naval lieutenant, Geoffrey Hattersley-Smith, has just returned to Ottawa from the northern tip of Ellesmere Island, 400 miles from the North Pole, with a piece of the silk ensign placed in a stone cairn there in 1906 by the U.S. explorer, Robert E. Peary.

One of six pieces of the ensign Peary flew at the Pole three years later, it will be given to Peary's widow at Rockland, Maine.

She already has three other pieces recovered from other northern expeditions of her husband. Peary himself returned, the main portion which he flew from a flagstaff at the North Pole.

Two are missing for ever, however, since they were placed in caches on Polar ice flows and have now disappeared.

Hattersley-Smith is a member of Canada's Defence Research Board. He arrived from Canada's northernmost possession with geologist Robert Blackader with records of Peary's northern voyage in 1906 in his own handwriting.

They too will be offered to the widow through the United States Government.

### PERFECT CONDITION

The two men also brought back to Ottawa, in perfect condition, tins of pemmican (ground dried meat), sleeping bags of the 1915 British Arctic expedition led by Captain Sir George Nares, a specially printed prayer book for the expedition and some tins of clothing including footgear.

They also found relics of the 1919 expedition of the Danish explorer Godfred Hansen who established caches of food for Roald Amundsen, the Norwegian who never reached Ellesmere Island on the projected voyage in his ship Maud from the Siberian coast.

The two explorers reported finding "coral" fossils on the northern tip of Ellesmere Island which indicates that the temperature of the Arctic Ocean once exceeded 68 deg. They also found coal formations, showing there was once tree growth there, and marine shells 200 feet above sea level proving that water once covered the entire northland.

The purpose of their visit to Ellesmere Island was to prepare

for next year's joint United States-Canadian expedition to the same area to chart movements of Polar ice formations.—London Express Service.

**Chinese On Way Back**

Tokyo, Sept. 4.

The United Nations Prisoner of War Committee announced last night that the first group of Chinese to leave Kofu Island prison camp for over a fortnight left yesterday along with 1,200 North Korean Communists by ship en route to Inchon and Pusan, where they will return to Communism.

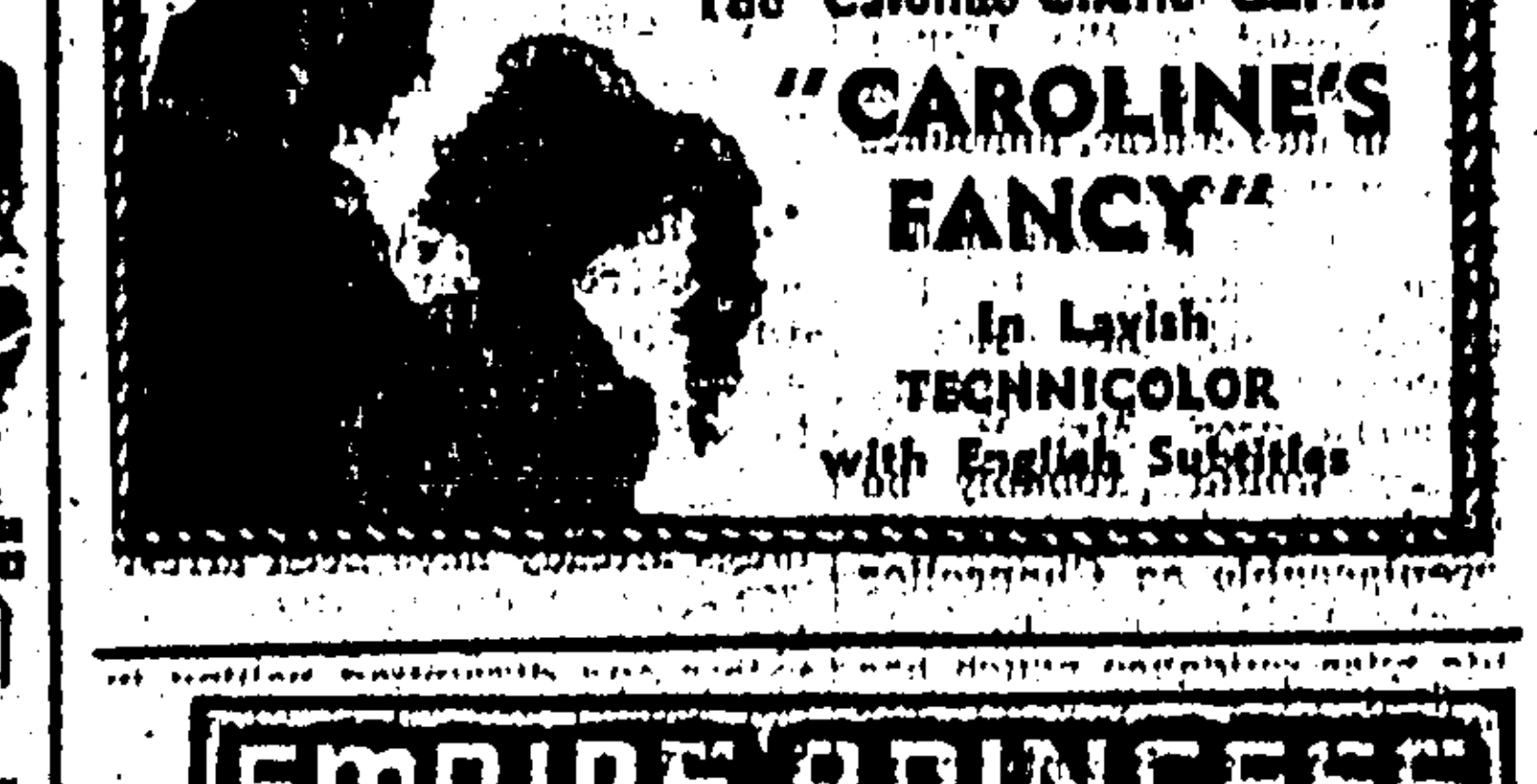
There were 14 Chinese officers, 90 enlisted men, and 61 civilian Chinese to make the total of 185.

The last delivery of Chinese Communists turned over at Pusan yesterday was on August 14.

To date 68,000 Communists have been returned to the Communists at Pusan.—Reuter.

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TO-DAY  
At 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.



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# INVITATION TO KREMLIN

## Opening The Way To Broader Talks? London Hopes For Discussion Of Churchill's 'New Locarno'

London, Sept. 3.

Authoritative sources said here today that the West's invitation to Russia for Foreign Ministers' talks next month may have opened the way for discussions with the Soviet of a broad East-West scheme against aggression by either side.

## FRENCH APPROACH IN MOSCOW

### Fate Of Thousands Of War Prisoners

Paris, Sept. 3.

M. Louis Joxe, French Ambassador in Moscow, yesterday approached the Soviet Foreign Minister, M. Molotov, about the repatriation of 10,000 men from Alsace and Lorraine still believed to be held by Russia, diplomatic quarters said today.

The Soviet Army captured the men during the war after they had been conscripted into the German Army after the defeat of France in 1940.

French officials said 12,000 men from Alsace and Lorraine had to be assigned that about 2,000 had died in the Soviet prison camps.

The French Government has had definite news about only 30 of them.

France has made repeated approaches to the Soviet Government to speed up repatriation of the men.

M. Joxe, who returned to Moscow recently after summer leave in France, also discussed with M. Molotov the question of Madame Bathurine and her two children who have been living in the French Embassy in Moscow since 1948, following a Franco-Soviet dispute over their nationality.

French Foreign Office officials declined to disclose details of the Bathurine case for the time being.—Reuter.

### Trade Agreement To Be Extended

Bonn, Sept. 3.

The Government of Chile has consented to extend the present trade and payments agreement between Chile and West Germany which expired on August 16, to November 16 this year, according to the West German Economic Ministry.

Negotiations on a new agreement, originally planned to be held this spring, were postponed until autumn this year, the Ministry said.—China Mail Special.

The sources said that the West's proposal yesterday for a mid-October meeting in Lugano, Switzerland, has broadened substantially the basis of the projected conference, no longer limiting it to talks on the election issue in Germany.

It would thus allow for discussion of Prime Minister Sir Winston Churchill's "New Locarno" idea which envisages a mutual guarantee of a non-aggression undertaking covering Russia as well as Germany.

If progress is made in the initial meeting of the Foreign Ministers, Sir Winston's plan for top-level talks with the Kremlin leaders on the broader issues of the current international tension may also be set in motion, the source said.

In the British view this procedure might prove the way to get Russia to the conference table which she had up to now carefully avoided despite her propaganda offensive for "peace through negotiations."

The broad outlines of Sir Winston's "save Europe plan" are for an arrangement by which the Western Powers, including Germany, would conclude a non-aggression pact with Russia.

This presupposes that Germany would be firmly integrated in the Western camp. But Russian anxieties over the possible revival of German militarism would also play a part in the security guarantee covering all of Europe.

CONCERN RECOGNISED This idea agrees also with a recent suggestion of the West German Chancellor, Dr. Konrad Adenauer, to make the European Defence Community the basis of a new security scheme covering Germany as well as Russia.

Sir Winston's new Locarno proposal specifically recognises Russia's concern for her own position. Some such form of mutual security offer to Russia by the West might, in the view of British diplomacy, induce the Soviets to talk business over the question of Germany and the settlement of the German problem.

No specific proposals have so far been made to Moscow on this score. But if the Russians were to accept the invitation for the Lugano meeting the problems were expected to be carefully considered.—United Press.

### A GOOD TEST

London, Sept. 3.

The London Times (Independent) said today that the Western invitation to Moscow to discuss Germany at Lugano next month was "a good test of Soviet willingness to meet and

to discuss" because it was specific.

"An acceptance by the Russians of the invitation of the three powers would be only the first step on a hard and barricaded road," the Times editorial said.

"It would not mean that international tension had automatically lessened. But a refusal from Moscow would mean that, in spite of all its professions, the new regime, no more than the old, really desires it to do so."

The Daily Telegraph (Conservative) said the Russians would not reject the invitation sent by the West if they genuinely wanted a wider agreement with the West.

"Though the renewed proposal for a limited conference at the Foreign Ministers' level... may serve as a preliminary, really important results can only be hoped for from the kind of meeting which Sir Winston Churchill suggested nearly four months ago," the Daily Telegraph added.

### SLIGHTLY BETTER

"No isolated agreement with the Communists will mean anything—or is even likely to be reached—unless they bring to it a readiness to call off open and covert aggression along the whole world-wide front."

The Yorkshire Post (Conservative) said the terms of the Western note suggested that the prospects of a successful meeting were slightly "but only slightly" better than a month ago.

The neutralisation of Germany would probably be the best way to preserve peace in Europe, the Yorkshire Post said.

"But it would mean that Germany would be condemned to play a passive role. And it seems most unlikely that any German Government would accept such a part for long."

The News Chronicle (Liberal) noted that Izvestia, the Soviet Government newspaper, had said that world tension was easing for the first time since the war.

"This could be the best possible news for all of us," the News Chronicle commented.

But it added: "The Soviet foreign policy has not made one single real and significant concession to the West on any of the points which are contributing to world tension."

"If the Russians will join the Western powers in down-to-earth discussions, we shall begin to know better where we are," the editorial said. "Lugano is a fair test."—Reuter.

## BARTER SYSTEM STOPPED

Tokyo, Sept. 3.

The Japanese Ministry of Trade, in its official bulletin today, announced measures to stop exports of raw silk and silk goods to Sweden and Finland in exchange for sulphite pulp under the so-called "export-import link system."

A spokesman of the Ministry said imports of sulphite pulp were deemed so lucrative as to enable some large trade firms to export raw silk and silk goods at unusually low prices.

These shipments of raw silk and silk goods are believed to be the way to the United States, thus greatly hampering normal exports of these goods to America, the spokesman said.

The new measures announced today are effective retroactively from August 5, so that many existing contracts are likely to be affected.

The spokesman stressed, however, that the measures were not suspending exports of these goods to Finland and Sweden other than under "the link system" even though some of them may still be flowing to the American market in so-called "triangular trade."—China Mail Special.

## Sonia Henie In Norway



Skating star Sonia Henie, now touring her native country, Norway, with her ice show, meets Crown Princeess Martha of Norway after the performance in Oslo.—Express Photo.

## British Effort In Malaya Praised By U.S. Official

Indianapolis, Sept. 3.

The British check to Communism in Malaya was praised today by Mr. Thurston B. Morton, United States Assistant Secretary of State for Congressional Relations.

Speaking to the national convention of American ex-servicemen of the last war, he said: "Our ally, Great Britain, has poured millions of dollars into Malaya to stop the Communists."

"Today more than 100,000 British and Malayan troops and police are engaged in keeping the Communists from taking over."

He described the Korean armistice as "about as sound as it was possible for us to make it" and representing a victory for America and for freedom everywhere.

But, he added, it could not be stressed too often that "we Americans cannot dare put so it alone in today's world. We need our friends and they need us."

Besides the British effort in Malaya he paid tribute to the fight for seven long years of the French and their Indo-Chinese allies in fighting Communism in Indo-China.

"Korea, after all, is not an island of Communist aggression," he said.

The war in Indo-China and Malaya, the Communist terrorism, the Communist pressure against Western Europe—all of these things are related to what is happening in Korea.

### GLOBAL STRUGGLE

"The struggle between free men and Communist tyranny is a global one. What have some of the other nations who have fought with us in Korea contributed to that struggle elsewhere?"

"Take Malaya—an area of strategic political and economic importance not only to South-East Asia but to the free world as a whole."

"The Communists tried to take control of Malaya right after World War II. They have been fighting a guerrilla war for that control since 1948."

Britain had 100,000 troops and police engaged. "An additional 150,000 men are being trained as part-time home guards to protect the Malayan villages from the Communist terrorists, who are masters at the tilt-and-run technique," Mr. Morton said.—Reuter.

## BEARS ATTACK FARMER

Tokyo, Sept. 3.

The police of Gumma Prefecture, north of Tokyo, reported that Jutji Aoki, 30-year-old farmer, was attacked by two big bears while farming early this morning and badly injured on the head and face.

Five persons have been injured by bears since the beginning of summer, police said.—China Mail Special.

## Volcanic Boreholes And Pull Of Gravity As The Future Providers Of Power? FORECAST BY BRITISH SCIENTISTS

Liverpool, Sept. 3.

British scientists forecast today that power for the factories and homes of tomorrow may come from volcanic boreholes and gravitational pull, and deserts might be made fertile with condensed sea water.

They also speculated that the standard of life in the next 2,000 years might deteriorate, and the temperature of the upper atmosphere is 15 times hotter than boiling water.

The scientists feared the world is deteriorating because of the failure to recognise ability. These prophecies and warnings were made in the first round of speeches by delegates to the annual conference of the British Association for the Advancement of Science.

The 4,000-strong Association meets once a year so that British scientists can keep each other and the general public of latest progress in all scientific fields.

More than 300 speakers will lecture in 13 different sections during the week to an overall audience of about 4,000 scientists and laymen. Scientists are also attending from the United States, Europe, Asia and Africa and from the Communist nations.

Lord Dudley Gordon, an industrialist and chairman of the engineering section, examined engineering prospects in the next 2,000 years, and urged the need for finding new sources of power.

### 200 YEARS SUPPLY

He said 10 per cent of the world's population was at present consuming half the volume of material produced from the earth's surface.

Present estimates on coal resources in the non-Communist world showed that United States deposits might last for another 2,500 years while Britain had only about 200 years' supply left.

Lord Dudley Gordon said the American Government's Policy Report on material resources in the free world suggested that present known oil deposits might be exhausted in a generation.

"This estimate would not be affected by the addition of the

resources available in the Communist-controlled countries because they are unlikely to become exporters as they can do no more than meet their own requirements," he said.

He added that present information on natural gas, already used in Canada and Italy, did not suggest that as a long-term solution. He also discounted such power sources as peat and shale oil.

### URANIUM SUPPLIES

Lord Dudley Gordon noted that uranium, the present main source of nuclear energy, was also a mineral that was likely to be exhausted in the next 2,000 years.

But present resources might be extended by using "breeder piles"—a process of nuclear fission that would reduce the amount of uranium required.

Lord Dudley Gordon speculated on the use of hydrogen as a power source, said no attempt had yet been made to harness the heat available in the centre of the earth.

From time to time there were spectacular demonstrations in the tremendous sources available.

"These would have to be tapped by some form of extremely deep bore holes and controlled by some means not yet thought of," he said.

### THE DANGER

"The danger to be avoided is obviously the release of forces which would cause some terrible catastrophe."

He also suggested that the force of gravity might one day be used as a power source. Today it was used indirectly in water power generation of energy.

Lord Dudley Gordon suggested industrial improvement would have to be matched with agricultural improvements to feed a world that seemed to be doubling itself each century.

Agricultural resources could be increased by irrigating deserts, which might be fertilised by concentrating sea water into fresh water.

Controlled rainfall and mining from the sea had been other possibilities.—Reuter.

## Diamond Sales May Recover

A recovery in the sales of polished diamonds early in 1951 was forecast by a conference of the members of the International Diamond Manufacturers Association in London.

Representatives of the diamond polishing industries in the United States, Britain, Holland, France, Belgium, Israel and South Africa attended the conference. They analysed the fall in diamond sales which had been predicted at the Association's meeting last year, and predicted an improvement in world demand as a result of the effective steps that have been taken to prevent smuggling, and of the decreasing use of diamonds for currency deals.

Operations of this kind have hitherto had a disturbing effect on the legitimate trade in polished stones, which should, in the Association's opinion, improve as a consequence of their termination.

The Association, which includes all the major diamond manufacturers in the world in its membership, elected Mr. Dave Morris, the South African delegate, to be its president in the coming year.—Reuter.

## REALITIES EXPOSED BY KOREA

St. Louis, Sept. 3.

Mr. Charles E. Wilson, United States Assistant Secretary of State, said today: "We must not again let our military strength drop to anything like the low level which existed after the two world wars."

He told the closing session of the American Legion National convention that the Korean invasion had brought home the realities of the present world situation.

Because military strength depended on economic strength it was important that the best possible military plans were developed and that "we organize our military effort for maximum effectiveness over a period of years."

"In that way we will get more military strength for the effort we make and the dollars we spend," he said.

On plans for budget requests for 1951 Mr. Wilson said, "We hope to continue to build up the nation's military strength, particularly air power and air defence, while at the same time making progress in reducing expenditures."—Reuter.

### NILE OVERFLOWS

Cairo, Sept. 3.

The Nile overflowed its banks and inundated 2,000 acres of farmland today after rising 20 centimetres in the past 24 hours. The village of "Blonde Island" in Guiza Province was isolated and several hundred inhabitants evacuated.—United Press.

## Japan Wants SE Asia Trade

Djakarta, Sept. 3.

Japan must expand trade with countries in South-East Asia in order to make up for losses in United Nations military expenditures, a Japanese Foreign Office adviser told the United Press today.

N. Kitazawa, a member of a four-man official mission touring Asia, speaking on behalf of himself and the delegation's Chairman, Y. Kogane, a member of the House of Representatives and Vice-Chairman of the Policy Planning Board of the Liberal Party, added that members of the group were hopeful that normal diplomatic relations would be established with Indonesia.

The chief purpose of the mission was to find out ways and means for closer economic and trade relations.

The three main issues to be settled between Indonesia and Japan were:

1.—Restoration of normal diplomatic relations.

2.—The war reparations problem.

3.—Trade and economic relations.

Mr. Kitazawa said that Indonesia's Cabinet earnestly desired a bilateral treaty with Japan instead of ratification of the San Francisco Treaty, "the most certain and self-supporting economy in Japan," he said.

"Since the truce in Korea, we cannot depend upon military expenditures from the United

Nations forces. We must expand trade with other countries, especially countries in South-East Asia."

"The Japanese Government and people sincerely hope that the standards of living of people in South-East Asia will be advanced as well as increased trade."

"We want to send technical experts to Indonesia if they are invited."

He added that Japan could assist Indonesia and other Asian countries in rice cultivation, small-scale industries and in establishing a hydro-electric plant.

The delegation is leaving for Singapore on Friday. It has already visited Hongkong, Formosa and Thailand.—United Press.

## Pipelines For Europe's Air Defence

Paris, Sept. 3.

The North Atlantic Council announced today that work was expected to begin this autumn on a network of pipelines for fuel to European air defences in nine countries.

Over the 1,875-mile system, which cost US\$109,000,000 (£25,714,285), jet and other aviation fuels will be able to be pumped from the Atlantic Coast into Western Germany, Italy, Greece and Turkey.

The starting point is still classified as "secret" but the countries included in the defence pipeline were announced as France, Belgium, Holland, West Germany, Italy, Greece, Norway, Turkey and Denmark.—Reuter.

## NAGUIB CITED AS A MODEL

Paris, Sept. 3.

M. François Mitterand, shortly after resigning from the post of Minister of State, today called on the French Government to act in North Africa "like Naguib fighting Farouk."

He told reporters: "A daring policy of reforms is required in Tunisia and Morocco."

He wanted France to remain on North African soil but said that could only be achieved by having "a firm policy inspiring respect and an understanding of the evolution of nations."

"We can gain 25 years with such a policy—time to train a North African elite capable of governing the country, and to whom we must grant self-government while keeping the direction of foreign and military affairs," he said.

"The dismissal of the Sultan of Morocco can only be justified if it is followed by a far-reaching policy of economic and social reforms."

"As regards Tunisia I cannot accept the appointment of a new Resident-General before a new French policy has been defined," M. Mitterand said.—Reuter.

## Expelled By Stock Exchange

The Council of London Stock Exchange announced today that Mr. Frederick Tricker had been expelled from the Stock Exchange.

Mr. Conrad, who has been in the "House" since 1936, is senior partner of R.I. Conrad and Co. Mr. Tricker was a member of the Stock Exchange associated with Conrad.

Mr. Conrad's father, Mr. David Conrad, who became a member of the Stock Exchange in 1948, is a partner in the firm.

In his Graham House office in the City, Mr. Ronald Conrad said: "We have no comments to make and no plans to tell."

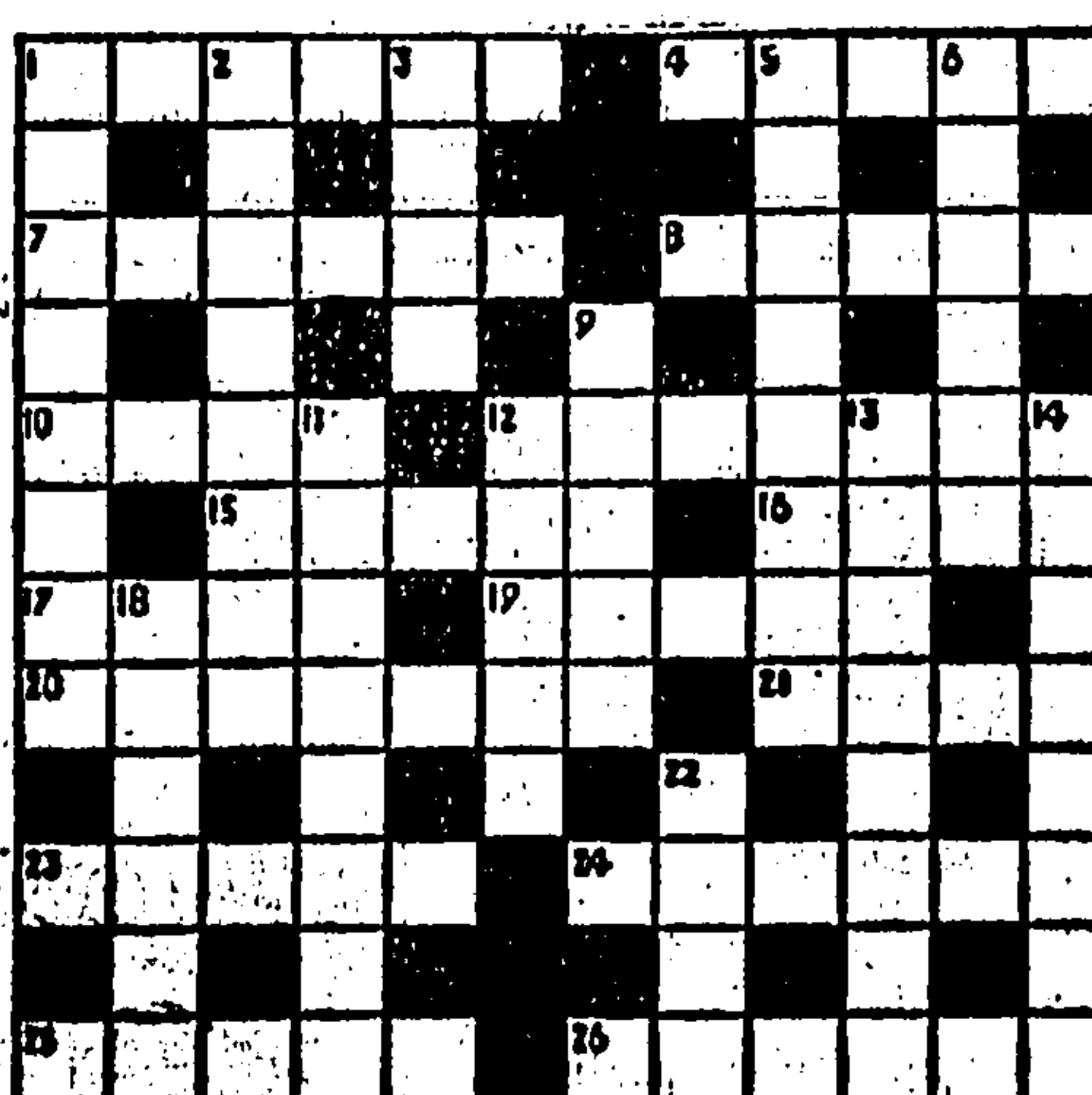
"Mr. Tricker has not been employed here since July 15. He was our office manager."

Mr. Conrad added: "The company is closing down, but it will honour all its obligations in full."

Asked about the reasons for his expulsion, Mr. Conrad said: "I would rather say no more."

He began his Stock Exchange career in 1933 as a boy, became a clerk in 1934, and a full member in 1939.—Reuter.

## A British Crossword Puzzle



- ACROSS
- 1 Surpasses (6).
  - 4 Attempt (6).
  - 6 Writing instrument (6).
  - 8 Heir (6).
  - 10 Responsibility (4).
  - 12 Cloric (7).
  - 14 Lean (6).
  - 16 Highest point (4).
  - 17 Sword (4).
  - 19 John (6).
  - 21 Come down (7).
  - 23 Language (6).
  - 25 Carless (6).
  - 26 Grose (6).
  - 28 Execute (6).

- DOWN
- 1 In work (8).
  - 2 Muddle (8).
  - 3 Den (4).
  - 5 Feign (8).
  - 7 Showed (6).
  - 9 Tendency (6).
  - 11 Ghosts (6).
  - 13 Dried fruit (6).
  - 15 Opening (6).
  - 18 Cautious (8).
  - 20 Worry (6).
  - 22 Narrative (4).

YESTERDAY'S CROSSWORD: Across: 3 Polished, 6 Rectify, 8 Hammer, 11 Expelled, 13 Mice, 15 Ogres, 16 Ratty, 19 Leap, 21 Mismomer, 24 Corroded, 25 Ranches, 26 Minister. Down: 1 Green, 2 Scoop, 3 Struggle, 4 Feet, 5 Arid, 6 Hatred, 7 Dures, 8 Pines, 9 Ropes, 10 Slender, 11 Shocks, 12 Barrow, 20 Apple, 21 Ooze, 22 Moss, 23 Saw.



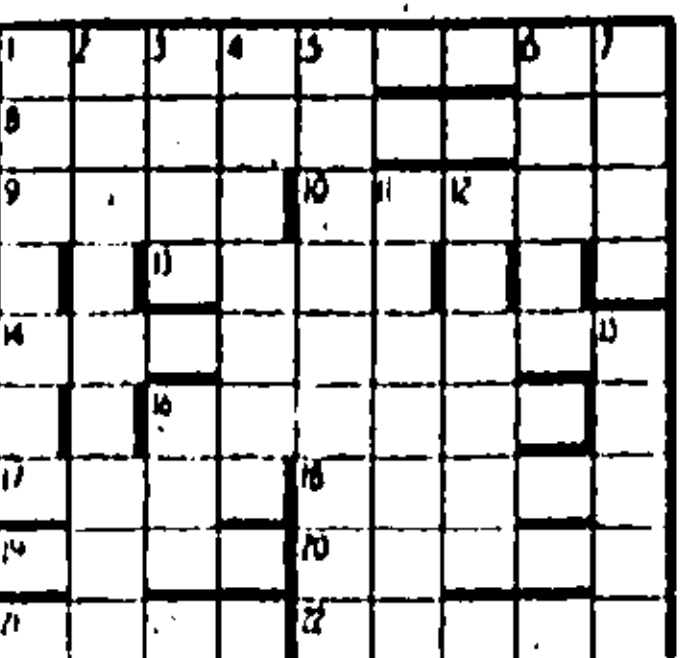




## Colonel UP and Mr. DOWN... by Walter



## CROSSWORD



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## BY THE WAY

by Beachcomber

TODAY we begin with a special paragraph. It is a new kind of paragraph, a paragraph for small people who read round corners.

## Misunderstanding

"YOU must have had a life of ups and downs," said a lady to Captain Foulmouth the other day.

## Now's your chance

Cut this out carefully. Paste it in your column tomorrow for the answer.

## A good answer

A MAN who said recently he was forced into a dishonourable action to provide dowry for his daughter should have been told the story of General Daumesnil. In 1870, he was offered a large sum of money to surrender Vincennes to the Prussians, as he was known to be a poor fellow. His reply was: "I will be my children's dowry."

## COMPLAINTS that shop assistants

"I beg your pardon, lady, but before opening this, I must hear from you. Every assistant should hold her breath while serving, and customer and should handle the food with sterilized forefingers, thus

ensuring that tinned synthetic meat shall do the minimum amount of harm to the health of the buyers.

## Henry Irving's goldfish

IT was apparently Henry Irving who put a goldfish into Ellen Terry's hand during a performance of "The Bluebird of Lorraine." He uttered, "Try it, my dear, and to the devil with the price of dripping." The goldfish was eaten by Mr. Robert Maitland, "Camel of Theatricals."

## JACOBY ON BRIDGE

Watch Your Small Cards, and Win

By OSWALD JACOBY

MOST players pay careful attention to the aces, kings, and queens, but only the fine player is careful about the lower cards. In today's hand the contract depended on correct manipulation of an eight and a seven.

North's free raise to two spades in today's hand is not recommended. A free raise should show real value, and in this case North's hand was on the trashy side. South cannot be blamed for jumping to game after North had indicated strength with his raise.

West opened the king of clubs and continued the suit, whereupon South ruffed. Declarer drew two rounds of trumps with the ace and king and hopefully led a low heart towards dummy's queen. He hoped to find the hearts breaking 3-3, with the jack in the East hand.

When dummy put up the queen of hearts, East won with the ace. East returned a low diamond, and South played low,

hoping that the opponents would be unable to force out his ace on the next round. West won with the king of diamonds and returned the suit, and South was disappointed when East was able to play the ten of diamonds and thus force out the ace.

Now everything depended on the hearts. South had already lost three tricks and had to win three heart tricks in order to discard the last losing diamond from dummy.

Declarer entered dummy by leading the nine of spades to dummy's ten and returned the eight of hearts. East naturally played low, and South finessed the ten of hearts. When West dropped the nine of hearts, South led his last trump to dummy's queen and returned the six of hearts. This enabled him to win a finesse with the seven of hearts and cash the king of hearts to discard the last diamond from dummy.

South would have lost his contract if he had failed to play the eight of hearts on the second round of that suit. He had to be able to win the third heart trick with the seven in his own hand, which would be impossible if dummy still held the eight of hearts.

To find what the stars have in store for tomorrow, select your birthday from the long list of zodiac signs and read the paragraph. Let your birthday star be your daily guide.

## SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 5

to get as much rest and light recreation as possible.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 21-Dec. 22) — Do things at home that you may have been neglecting all week. A fine time to catch up on your chores.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 23-Jan. 20) — The signs are favourable for a good time out-of-doors. Make the most of it.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21-Feb. 19) — Don't attempt to do any serious work over the long weekend. Extend your summer playtime!

PISCES (Feb. 20-Mar. 20) — Care in preparation is much better than trying to hurry through a job; avoid possibility of making mistakes.

ARIES (Mar. 21-Apr. 20) — If you must work the half day, take a long rest on the weekend.

Taurus (Apr. 21-May 21) — This is the last long week-end of the summer season, so take full advantage of it for pleasurable relaxation.

GEMINI (May 22-June 21) — Get outdoors as much as possible. This can be a time for building up health and "energies" for the autumn.

CANCER (June 22-July 22) — Rest the mind as well as the body today. Neither can function well if the other is tired.

LEO (July 23-Aug. 22) — Let emotions be at peace, then relax them through communion with Mother Nature. Get outdoors and rest.

VIRGO (Aug. 23-Sept. 23) — Visitors, perhaps from out of town, can make this weekend an exceptionally pleasurable one for you.

LIBRA (Sept. 24-Oct. 23) — Write those letters which you have been neglecting recently. A good time to catch up!

SCORPIO (Oct. 24-Nov. 23) — Relax tensions this week-end. Plan

to get as much rest and light recreation as possible.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 21-Dec. 22) — Do things at home that you may have been neglecting all week. A fine time to catch up on your chores.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 23-Jan. 20) — The signs are favourable for a good time out-of-doors. Make the most of it.

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## Rice and Oyster Jambalaya

By ALICE DENHOFF

HOW about a Rice and Oyster Jambalaya that is hearty, nourishing, different and on the thrifty side, something that is important after all the splurging?

To serve eight, dice 1/2 pound of small link sausages and cook in a skillet or saucepan until browned. Add 1/3 c. chopped onion and cook until tender. Add a 10 1/2-oz. tin of cream of tomato soup, 3 c. water, 1/2 tsp. thyme, 1 tsp. chopped parsley and one c. uncooked rice. Bring to a vigorous boil. Turn the heat as low as possible, then cover, and cook over this low heat for 14 minutes. Add one c. diced, cooked ham, one pint oysters that have been drained, and 1/2 tsp. Worcestershire sauce. Simmer until edges of the oysters curl. Should be served piping hot.

## Ginger-Cheese Pudding

And while we're at it, here's another good suggestion — a Ginger-Cheese Pudding. To serve four to six people, remove crusts from eight slices day-old bread. Spread bread with 1/4 c. butter, using it all. Then make four sandwiches, using 4 oz. mild processed cheese. Cut sandwiches into inch cubes.

Add 1/2 tsp. ginger and 1/2 tsp. Worcestershire sauce to 2 slightly beaten eggs and 2 c. milk. Place bread in greased baking dish, and baking dish in pan of hot water and bake in 325° F. oven for 45 minutes to one hour, or until browned and puffy, and an inverted silver spoon comes out clean.

## Orange-Pumpkin Tarts

Make a batch of Orange-Pumpkin Tarts and be the toast of family and guests.

Line small pie pans with rich pastry, building up the edges about 1/2 inch. Chill.

Mix, in the order given, 2 1/4 c. cooked pumpkin, 1 1/2 c. brown sugar, 3/8 tsp. salt, 1 1/2 tsp. cinnamon, 1 1/2 c. evaporated milk, 3 beaten eggs, 1/4 tsp. nutmeg, 1/2 tsp. vanilla, 3/4 c. orange juice and 1 1/2 tsp. grated orange rind. Turn into pastry shells and bake at 425° F. for 25 minutes, or until custard is firm.

## WHAT'S HIS LINE?

MARK W. TEACH

Rearrange the letters to spell his occupation.

(Solution on Page 10)

## BOYS' AND GIRLS' MAGAZINE

Mr. Punch Does Some Thinking

—And Decides He Likes to Be a Puppet After All—

By MAX TRELL

KNARF and Hanid, the shadow-children with the turned-about names, found Mr. Punch sitting on the stage of his little show-house in the children's room. He looked unusually thoughtful and serious. They greeted him cheerfully.

"Ah — hello, my dears. I'm very glad to see you. I've just been thinking of some very important things."

"What important things? Tell us, please."

"Lazy and Unkind."

"Well," replied Mr. Punch. "I've been thinking that I'm very lazy and very unkind and my manners aren't at all anything to be proud of."

"But, Mr. Punch—you're not lazy!" Hanid broke in. "You

work very hard at amusing the children. You know you do!"

"And you haven't been unkind to anybody!" added Knarf. "You always say nice things about people and you don't scold or complain. Besides, your manners are good. Whenever the children come in, you say good morning or good afternoon."

Mr. Punch smiled sadly. "I'm sorry to have contradicted you. I don't really do anything to amuse the children. If they didn't pull the strings on my arms and legs, I wouldn't move at all."

"But you're a puppet, Mr. Punch. Puppets can't move by themselves!" Hanid and Knarf tried to say.

"And I do complain," Mr. Punch went on. "This morning, for example, I complained because the puppy came along and nibbled at my slippers. I scolded

him for that. "And," said Mr. Punch, "even though I do say good morning and good afternoon to the children whenever they come into the room, I never say it loud enough for them to hear me. I just think of saying it."

"That's because puppets can't really talk out loud," Knarf said, "except to us and the toys."

"Yes," Mr. Punch agreed, "that's the reason all right. But I wish things were different. I didn't have strings attached to me. I'd like to dance and sing and act for the children—all by myself."

## Voice Was Happy

Mr. Punch was silent for a moment. Then he smiled, and chuckled, and winked. His voice sounded happy again. "But that wouldn't be right. The children like me because I am a puppet — because I do have strings attached to my arms and legs. It means they can make me do whatever they please, and make me say whatever they think I ought to say."

"But we must help," says the leading Imp. "That's our job. Never let Mary's flower like this. Rose should not smell of pepper. Come, let us look at our records. Telling Rupert to follow the Imps of Spring all the way."

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## In 1047 Years' Time



Here's how the girls are going to dress in "3000 A.D." according to the film of that name. Chilli Williams (left) wears a new look number for white collar workers while Margaret Field models the latest thing in evening wear. Sorry, but bathing suit fashions from "3000 A.D." are unavailable.

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